

# Quadratic Equations – Applications

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## Various Word Problems, Applications, ...:

### Geometry - Rectangle

(1) Given that the perimeter of a rectangle is 72” and its area is 224 sq “, find its length  $l$  and its width  $w$ .

Fundamental facts:  $P = 2l + 2w$  ;  $A = l * w$

$$224 = l * w$$

$$72 = 2l + 2w$$

$$36 = l + w$$

$$l = 36 - w$$

Step	Equation	Reason
0	$224 = l * w$	
1	$224 = (36 - w) * w$	
2	$224 = 36w - w^2$	
3	$w^2 - 36w + 224 = 0$	
4	$(w - 8)(w - 28) = 0$	
5	$w - 8 = 0$    $w - 28 = 0$ $w = 8$    $w = 28$	
6	$w = 8$ " (smaller of two values) $l = 36 - w = 28$ "	

## Geometry – Right Triangle (I “smell” the Pythagorean Theorem)

In a **right** triangle:

$$(\text{Side}_1)^2 + (\text{Side}_2)^2 = (\text{Hypotenuse})^2$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Note: Hypotenuse is "longest" side

(2) The hypotenuse of a right triangle is 13". If one side is 7" longer than the other side, find the perimeter “**P**” and area “**A**” of this triangle.

Fundamental facts:  $P = a + b + c$  ;  $A = \frac{1}{2} * a * b$

Let  $a = x$  (one unknown side)

Then  $b = x + 7$  (other unknown side)

$c = 13$

Step	Equation	Reason
0	$x^2 + (x + 7)^2 = 13^2$	
1	$x^2 + x^2 + 14x + 49 = 169$	
2	$2x^2 + 14x - 120 = 0$	
3	$x^2 + 7x - 60 = 0$	
4	$(x - 5)(x + 12) = 0$	
5	$x - 5 = 0 \quad \parallel \quad x + 12 = 0$ $x = 5 \quad \parallel \quad x = -12$	
6	$a = x = 5$ " (positive value) $b = x + 7 = 12$ "	
7	$P = a + b + c = 5 + 12 + 13 = 30$ "	
8	$A = \frac{1}{2} * a * b = \frac{1}{2} * 5 * 12 = 30$ sq"	

## Motion

(3) At the same time when Dr W cycles **north** at a constant rate of 5 mph, Mrs. Dr W cycles **east** at 12 mph. When will they be 52 miles apart?

Fundamental facts:  $d = r * t$  ;  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$$\text{Dr W: } d_1 = r_1 * t_1 = 5t_1$$

$$\text{Mrs. Dr W: } d_2 = r_2 * t_2 = 12t_1$$

Note:  $t_1 = t_2$  (call it  $t$ )



$$\text{Let } a = d_1 = 5t$$

$$\text{Then } b = d_2 = 12t$$

$$c = 52$$

Step	Equation	Reason
0	$(d_1)^2 + (d_2)^2 = 52^2$	
1	$(5t)^2 + (12t)^2 = 52^2$	
2	$25t^2 + 144t^2 = 2704$	
3	$169t^2 = 2704$	
4	$t^2 = 16$	
5	$t = \pm 4$ $t = 4 \text{ hr. } (t > 0)$	

## Numbers

(4) A positive number “ $x$ ” is  $\frac{15}{4}$  greater than its reciprocal “ $\frac{1}{x}$ ”. Find the number “ $x$ ”.

Fundamental equation:  $x = \frac{15}{4} + \frac{1}{x}$

Step	Equation	Reason
0	$x = \frac{15}{4} + \frac{1}{x}$	
1	$4x(x) = 4x\left(\frac{15}{4} + \frac{1}{x}\right)$	
2	$4x^2 = 15x + 4$	
3	$4x^2 - 15x - 4 = 0$	
4	$(x - 4)(4x + 1) = 0$	
5	$x - 4 = 0 \quad \parallel \quad 4x + 1 = 0$ $x = 4 \quad \parallel \quad x = -1/4$	
6	$x = 4 \quad (x > 0)$	

## Physics

Consider an object moving in a vertical direction only. Under certain assumptions, the **position** " $s = s(t)$ " of this object at time " $t$ " is given by

$$s = s(t) = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 + v_0t + s_0 = -16t^2 + v_0t + s_0 \text{ (ft)}$$

where

$$g = -32 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

$v_0$  = initial velocity ( $t = 0$ )

$v_0 < 0$  means object "thrown downward"

$v_0 = 0$  means object "dropped"

$v_0 > 0$  means object "thrown upward"

$s_0$  = initial position ( $t = 0$ )

$s_0 < 0$  is NOT an option

$s_0 = 0$  means object starts at ground

$s_0 > 0$  means object starts above ground

The **velocity** of the object is given by

$$v = v(t) = v_0 + gt = v_0 - 32t \text{ (ft/sec)}$$

$v < 0$  means object traveling "downward"

$v = 0$  means object "stopped"

$v > 0$  means object traveling "upward"

The **acceleration** is given by

$$a = a(t) = g = -32$$

(5) The equations defining the motion of an object traveling in a vertical direction are given by

$$s = s(t) = -16t^2 + 144t + 50$$

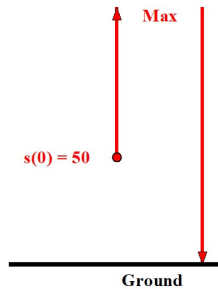
Note:

$v_0 = 144$  ft/sec (object thrown upward)

$s_0 = 50$  ft (object starts 50 ft above ground)

$$v = v(t) = 144 - 32t$$

$$a = a(t) = g = -32$$



- a. Where is the object after 3 sec? Is it traveling upward/stopped/downward?

$$s = s(3) = -16(3)^2 + 144(3) + 50 = 338 \text{ ft}$$

$$v = v(3) = 144 - 32(3) = 48 \text{ ft/sec (upward)}$$

- b. Where is the object after 5 sec? Is it traveling upward/stopped/downward?

$$s = s(5) = -16(5)^2 + 144(5) + 50 = 370 \text{ ft}$$

$$v = v(5) = 144 - 32(5) = -16 \text{ ft/sec (downward)}$$

- c. Where is the object when it stops?

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}(t) \stackrel{\text{SET}}{=} 0$$

$$144 - 32t = 0$$

$$32t = 144$$

$$t = \frac{144}{32} = \frac{9}{2} \text{ sec}$$

$$\mathbf{s} = \mathbf{s}\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) = -16\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 + 144\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) + 55 = 374 \text{ ft}$$

- d. Since it was thrown upward ( $v_0 = 144 > 0$ ), when will it return to ground?  
How fast is it traveling?

$$\mathbf{s} = \mathbf{s}(t) \stackrel{\text{SET}}{=} 0$$

$$-16t^2 + 144t + 50 = 0$$

$$-8t^2 + 72t + 25 = 0$$

$$8t^2 - 72t - 25 = 0$$

$$\mathbf{a} = 8 ; \mathbf{b} = -72 ; \mathbf{c} = -25$$

$$t = \frac{-\mathbf{b} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{b}^2 - 4\mathbf{a}\mathbf{c}}}{2\mathbf{a}}$$

$$t = \frac{-[-72] \pm \sqrt{[-72]^2 - 4[8][-25]}}{2[8]}$$

$$t = \frac{72 \pm \sqrt{5184 + 800}}{16}$$

$$t = \frac{72 \pm \sqrt{5984}}{16} \quad (t > 0)$$

$$t = \frac{72 + \sqrt{5984}}{16}$$

$$t \approx 9.334 \text{ sec}$$

$$v(\approx 9.334) \approx -154.713 \text{ ft/sec}$$